## **RULES AND REGULATIONS**

## 18. Alternative Dispute Resolution

- **18.1 Informal Resolution of Disputes.** The Company and EGS shall use good faith and commercially reasonable efforts to informally resolve all disputes arising out of the implementation of this Tariff and/or the conduct of Coordination Activities hereunder. The EGS's point of contact for all information, operations, questions, and problems regarding Coordination Activities shall be the Company's Alternative Supplier Coordination Section and the web-site.
- **18.2 Internal Dispute Resolution Procedures.** Internal Dispute Resolution Procedures. Any dispute between the Company and an EGS under this Tariff or Individual Coordination Agreement shall be referred to a designated senior representative of each of the parties for resolution on an informal basis as promptly as practicable. In the event the designated representatives are unable to resolve the dispute within thirty (30) days (or such other period as the parties may agree upon) such dispute, by mutual agreement, may be referred to mediation in accordance with Section 8 of the Interim Code of Conduct in the EDC Tariff or may be submitted to arbitration and resolved in accordance with the arbitration procedures set forth below.
- **18.3 External Arbitration Procedures.** If the amount in dispute is \$500,000 or less, the arbitration initiated under the Tariff or any Individual Coordination Agreement shall be conducted before a single neutral arbitrator appointed by the parties. If the parties fail to agree upon a single arbitrator within twenty (20) days of the referral of the dispute to arbitration the parties shall request the American Arbitration Association to appoint a single neutral arbitrator. If the amount in dispute exceeds \$500,000, each party shall choose one neutral arbitrator who shall sit on a three (3)-member arbitration panel. The two (2) arbitrators so chosen shall within twenty (20) days of their selection, select a third arbitrator to chair the arbitration panel. In any case, the arbitrators chosen shall be knowledgeable in electric utility matters, including electric transmission and bulk power issues, and shall not have any current or past substantial business or financial relationships with any party to the arbitration (except prior arbitration). The arbitrator(s) shall provide each of the parties an opportunity to be heard and, except as otherwise provided herein, shall generally conduct the arbitration in accordance with the then current Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association.
- **18.4 Arbitration Decisions.** Unless otherwise agreed, the arbitrator(s) shall render a decision within ninety (90) days of their appointment and shall notify the parties in writing of such decision and the reasons therefor. The arbitrator(s) shall be authorized only to interpret and apply the provisions of the Tariff and any Individual Coordination Agreement and shall have no power to modify or change any provisions in any manner. The decision of the arbitrator(s) shall be final and binding upon the Parties, and judgment on the award may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. The decision of the arbitrator(s) may be appealed solely on the grounds that the conduct of the arbitrator(s), or the decision itself, violated the standards set forth in 42 Pa. C.S.A. § 7341. The final decision of the arbitrator must also be filed with FERC and PaPUC, if it affects their respective jurisdictional rates, terms and conditions of service or facilities.
- **18.5 Costs.** Each Party shall be responsible for its own costs incurred during the arbitration process and for the following costs, if applicable:
  - a. the cost of the arbitrator chosen by the party to sit on the three member panel and a proportionate share of the cost of the third arbitrator chosen; or
  - b. a proportionate share of the cost of the single arbitrator jointly chosen by the parties.

**18.6 Rights Under The Federal Power Act.** Nothing in this Section shall restrict the rights of any party to file a complaint with FERC under relevant provisions of the Federal Power Act.

**18.7 Rights Under The Pennsylvania Public Utility Code.** Nothing in this Section shall restrict the rights of any party to file a complaint with the Pa PUC under relevant provisions of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Code.